



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

## **\* CRUSADER'S CHRONICLE:**

Retell the story of the Crusades by writing a series of **diary** entries, **letters between people involved** or **articles** to be published in a **newspaper** from the times. The guidelines below will determine your score. **Each topic is a different article or entry.** You can write from the *perspective* of any group or individual who would have taken part. In addition, you need to use a variety of materials to help you build the background/supporting information.

	4: EXCEEDING	3: MEETING	2: APPROACHING	1: ATTEMPTING
(Part 1) <b>Claims to the Holy Land</b>  Use: Jerusalem Graphic Organizer X2	Accurately and thoroughly describes two reasons Jerusalem is important for Christianity, Judaism, and Islam	Accurately describes one reasons Jerusalem is important for Christianity, Judaism, and Islam	Describes some reasons but not one for each.	Description of reasons is inaccurate or incomplete.
(Part 2) <b>Describing 3<sup>rd</sup> Crusade</b>  Use: online text, 2 column notes, map/bio sheet X3	Thoroughly describes the people, main idea, and outcome of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Crusade with historically accurate details.	Adequately describes the people, main idea, and outcome of 3 <sup>rd</sup> Crusade.	Describes a Crusade, but does not connect the people, main idea, and outcome of 3 <sup>rd</sup> Crusade.	Description of Crusade is inaccurate or incomplete.
(Part 3) <b>Golden Age of Islam Legacies</b>  Use: online text, wiki research links X2	Thoroughly describes at least two Muslim legacies that were shared with Europeans.	Adequately describes one Muslim legacy that was shared with Europeans.	Very basic description of Muslim legacies.	Description of Muslim legacy is inaccurate or incomplete.
<b>Places, Headline, date, &amp; Illustration/ pictures</b>	Includes an appropriate and creative headline, accurate dates and places, and image that depict the Crusades.	Missing 1 of 4 required details to show knowledge of the Crusades	Missing 2 of 4 required details to show knowledge of the Crusades	Only includes one of the requirements or not complete.

Total: \_\_\_\_\_ / 32

**I CAN...Describe achievements in medicine, science, math and geography by the Islamic civilization dominated most of the Mediterranean after the decline of the Roman Empire. These achievements were introduced into Western Europe as a result of the Muslim conquest, Crusades and trade.**

## Crusader Chronicle Checklist to Success

- ☐ In your Claims to the Holy Land section, highlight or underline evidence that you supported two reasons why Jerusalem is significant to Islam, Judaism, and Christianity.
- ☐ Included a detailed summary which accurately describes the 3<sup>rd</sup> Crusade.
- ☐ You have included a detailed description of two different Muslim legacies.
- ☐ You have given each journal/diary, letter, or newspaper article a title and included historically correct dates.
- ☐ You have included a picture/illustration for each journal/diary, letter or newspaper article that supports the topic.
- ☐ You have named your file using first initial, last name, class period and crusades.  
Ex: kirving2.crusades
- ☐ Share your completed assignment. Make sure to UNCHECK THE EMAIL NOTIFICATION BOX!

[mgerome@aurora-schools.org](mailto:mgerome@aurora-schools.org) or [ngoodman@aurora-schools.org](mailto:ngoodman@aurora-schools.org)

Christianity = C    Islam = I    Judaism = J

+    C ★    ☆

## Religious Characteristics

	Christianity	Islam	Judaism
Holy book is the Bible	✓		
Holy book is the Koran		✓	
Holy book is the Torah			✓
Symbol = Crescent Moon & Star		✓	
Symbol = Cross	✓		
Symbol = Star of David			✓
Beliefs center around one God	✓	✓	✓
Place of worship is a synagogue			✓
Place of worship is a mosque		✓	
Place of worship is a church	✓		
Religious beliefs began in sites in the Middle East	✓	✓	✓
Practicing members are called Muslims		✓	
Follow the teachings of Jesus	✓		
Follow the teachings of Muhammad		✓	
Follow the teachings of Abraham, Moses, and King David			✓
Mecca is a holy site to its followers		✓	
Refer to their God as Allah		✓	
Jerusalem is a sacred city	✓	✓	✓

↓ All 3 religious groups wanted to control Jerusalem.  
The wars / crusades were the name of the battles.

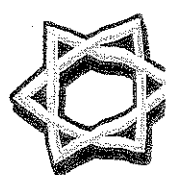
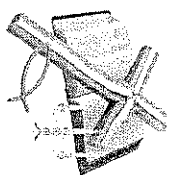


Name \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: Go to [www.hernonsocialstudies7.wikispaces.com](http://www.hernonsocialstudies7.wikispaces.com) Click on Middle Ages and scroll down to the Jerusalem section. Follow Steps 1-3 to collect information for your chart.

	Major Holy Site found in Jerusalem	Significance of the Holy Site	Other reasons Jerusalem is sacred
Christianity	Church of the Holy Sepulchre	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Marks the site of Jesus' death, burial, and resurrection</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Place where Jesus lived and taught</li><li>• Many stories in their bible center around Jerusalem</li></ul>
Islam	Dome of the Rock	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Marks the site of Mohammed's ascension into heaven</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Was the original direction for Muslim prayer</li><li>• Considered their third most Holy city.</li></ul>
Judaism	Western Wall (Wailing Wall)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• It's the only remains of their first temple built in Jerusalem.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Their first Torah was brought to Jerusalem</li><li>• Place where their religion first began</li></ul>

Write one conclusion you have made about Jerusalem.



Name \_\_\_\_\_

Period: 2 3 5 6 7 8

\*\*History Alive Textbook: Pgs. 119-122 or World History Textbook Pgs. 318-321\*\*

Major Event in History: The Crusades 1096 – 1291

Essential Questions: Why did Christians, Jewish people, and Muslims fight a religious war during the Middle Ages? What was the outcome and what effect did it have on later generations of people?

Write a Question you have about the Crusades: \_\_\_\_\_

Topic	Notes/Details/Answers
<b>Explain the word crusade and identify groups of people involved between 1096-1291</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Crusades were a series of religious wars launched against Muslims by European Christians</li><li>• Crusades were organized by various countries such as France and England and led by their noble class of Kings and lords</li><li>• The main groups involved in the wars for Jerusalem were Christians (Christianity) and Muslims (Islam)</li><li>• Jewish towns in Europe, Africa, and the Middle East were also affected by the Crusades.</li></ul>
<b>Describe events that occurred prior to the Crusades around the Holy Land</b>  <b>What Changed that all 3 groups no longer had access to the land around Jerusalem?</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Before 1095 there were times that Jews, Muslims, and Christians were able to freely and peacefully visit holy or sacred sites in Jerusalem.</li><li>• This later changed when the Muslims dominated major trade routes in African and the Middle East and no longer allowed other religious groups to safely travel these regions.</li><li>• In 1095 Pope Urban II from Clermont, France declared war on the Muslims.</li></ul>

<p>For each of the Crusades including the following details:</p>	
<p>1. Years of Crusade</p>	<p><b>First Crusade: 1096-1099</b></p> <p>Four European nobles organized a Christian army of around 30,000 knights. They left Europe and traveled by land and water routes to reach Palestine (Region that surrounds Jerusalem). The Crusaders captured major cities such as Edessa, Antioch, and Acre. The Christian army was much more organized than the Muslims. They eventually stormed the wall of Jerusalem and took control of Jerusalem and drove the Muslims out.</p>
<p>2. Significant people</p>	<p><b>Second Crusade: 1146-1148</b></p> <p>The Muslims united under a great Muslim leader named Saladin. He organized the Muslim lands around Jerusalem and recaptured key cities such as Edessa. The German Christians were badly beaten in Anatolia and the French army of 50,000 knights were defeated north of Jerusalem at Damascus. The Muslims led by Saladin were victorious in gaining back Jerusalem. Christians were forced to leave the region.</p>
<p>3. Specific countries that sent supplies/knights &amp; the size of the army they were able to gather</p>	<p><b>Third Crusade: 1189-1192</b></p> <p>In this Crusade King Richard I of England organized a massive Christian army in an attempt to get Jerusalem and key cities around Jerusalem back. The Muslims were under the leadership of Saladin. Richard I was successful in capturing Acre and kept almost 3,000 Muslims as prisoners. Richard I and Saladin tried to strike a deal. If the Christians freed the Muslim prisoners, Saladin would return an item captured by the Muslims which was what Christians believed was the Cross Jesus died on. Later Richard I attempted to capture Jerusalem but ended in a tie. The two sides signed a peace treaty. The Crusaders kept some cities along the coast near Jerusalem and Muslims agreed to let Christians to once again safely enter Jerusalem.</p>
<p>4. Major Cities that were taken or seized in the area around Jerusalem</p>	
<p>5. Outcome (Which group won &amp; what did it mean for the other groups)</p>	

# Main Ideas of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Crusade

## 1<sup>st</sup> Crusade

• 1096-1099

• Christians won

Christians took

Control of Jerusalem

Captured cities of

Acre + Jaffa

## 2<sup>nd</sup> Crusade

• 1147-1149

• Muslims won

Saladin organized

Muslims

He recaptured

Jerusalem + took

Christian Cross

## 3<sup>rd</sup> Crusade

• 1189-1192

• ended in Peace Treaty

Both sides had fought

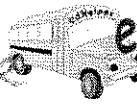
hard but neither

side could win

King Richard I. and

Saladin agreed to

sign a peace treaty.



## Important people of the Crusades

Pope Urban  
II

Head/Leader of  
the Christian Church

Called European Christians  
to fight. He started  
the Crusades

Muslims had control  
of Jerusalem -  
Christians wanted Jerusalem

King Richard  
III

leader of Crusaders  
(England Christians)

Richard the Lionheart  
bravery in war

Raised taxes to buy  
equipment for the  
3rd Crusade

Saladin

Saladin - Sultan leader  
of the Muslims

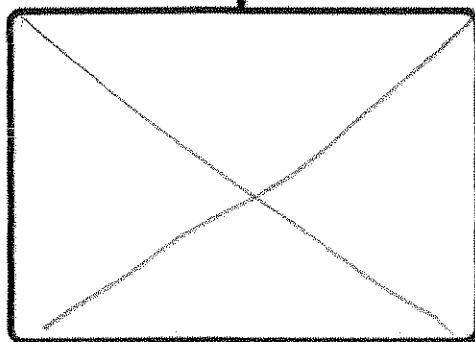
united many different  
Muslim groups into  
a powerful army

He defeated the  
Crusaders to gain  
control of Jerusalem



# Peace Treaty of the 3<sup>rd</sup> Crusade

Saladin  
Muslims



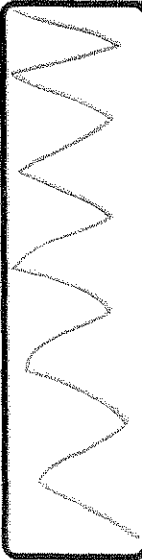
King Richard I  
Christians  
(Crusaders)

1 Muslims kept  
control of Jerusalem.

2 Muslims allowed both  
Christians & Jews to  
visit Jerusalem

3 Saladin returned  
the Cross of Jesus  
to the Christians

4 Muslims kept  
control of most of  
the Holy Land



1 Christians never  
regain control of  
Jerusalem

2 Christians kept  
Jaffa & Acre coast  
cities near Jerusalem

Christians could travel  
safely to Jerusalem to  
visit Holy Sites

King Richard I returned  
to Europe defeated  
and was captured by  
Lionel Herbert